

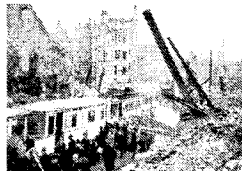
Effects and Results of WWII – Germany and the Soviet Union

German and Soviet War Children

- The advancing Red Army had left a massive trail of _____ women and girls of all ages behind them. More than 2 mil were victims of rape, often repeatedly
- The German soldiers left many " _____ " behind in nations such as France and Denmark, which were occupied for an extended period
- After the war, the children and their mothers often suffered _____

Germans Flee the Soviets

- Many Germans _____ the advancing Red Army in the East
- The loss of life exceeded 2 million, as the fighting at times overran the fleeing _____



Holocaust

- Before World War II, more than half of the world's Jewish population lived in _____. Most Jews lived in eastern Europe, primarily in the Soviet Union and Poland
- Gradually Hitler would implement laws and policies to get rid of Europe's _____ million Jews
- _____ were left by the end of the war



Holocaust

- Killings started by _____ with the Einsatzgruppen with the invasion of Russia in 1941
- _____ camps were set up to detain people
- _____ camps were created as the "final solution to the Jewish question" at the Wannsee Conference in 1942
- The _____ had the responsibility of guarding and carrying out the killings

Holocaust

- By May 1945, every _____ out of _____ Jews were murdered
- A total of 6 million Jews were killed, along with 2 million others
- _____, Jehovah's Witnesses, Roma and Sinta (gypsies), Socialists, trade unions, _____, Polish and Soviet dissidents, and the mentally and physically _____ were also in the Holocaust

Germany's Concentration Camp Survivors

- Concentration camp survivors were released
- Many were foreigners, sick, and unable to _____
- They were put in _____ camps again and fed by relief workers
- It would take years to sort them all out and _____ them



Germany's Soldiers and Civilians

- Was defeated
- 3 million soldiers killed or _____
- 1/2 million civilians killed
- Millions more wounded and _____
- POWs in held by Britain, France, or U.S. were returned by 1948
- POWs held by the _____ wouldn't return for 10 years or not at all

Germany's Displaced People

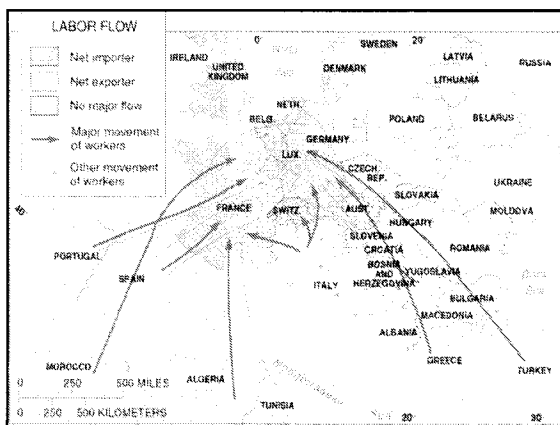
- German soldiers and civilians tried to find their way home
- Poles and Russians brought to Germany as slave labor were now _____
- Tens of thousands of Russians changed sides because they sought to _____ by helping the Germans

German's Industry

- Parts of cities were totally flattened
- No key industry had suffered more than ___% losses
- Factory owners, managers, and professional classes were left _____ except for the most major figures (Like Alfried Krupp)

Conditions in Germany

- _____ were in short supply
- Coal was lacking for heating and industry
- Destruction of the _____ system made it hard to provide basic needs for 25 million homeless people
- Many family's _____ had died in the war or were disabled
- Many women and children were disabled as well
- _____ and the lack of postal and telephone systems cut off communities
- Living conditions were not good immediately following the war



Distrust of Germans

- Allies thought the German people had not _____ and were only temporarily submissive in the face of overwhelming defeat
- Only a minority felt genuine _____ and regret for the crimes of the regime
- Most were sorry they had lost the war, but believed that they had followed a false prophet
- Children increasingly questioned the _____ of their _____ and could find no pride in German history or being German

Expulsion of Germans

- There were 15 million German people _____ from several countries after the war
- Most were from the Soviet Union, Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Alsace-Lorraine
- Some were _____ expulsions, while others fled or were evacuated to more hospitable countries
- An estimated 500,000-3 million died in the expulsion

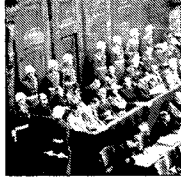
Rehabilitation of Nazis



- Was an initiative to _____ all German and Austrian society, culture, press, economy, judiciary and politics of any remnants of the Nazi regime
- It was carried out specifically by removing those involved from positions of influence and by _____ or rendering impotent the _____ associated with it
- Control of the _____ and the re-establishment in schools of sound _____ of the right values were key
- It was even carried out in countries such as France, the Netherlands and Norway

War Crimes Trials

- _____
 - Former Nazi leaders were tried for _____
 - Initiating war
 - Violating international law
 - Crimes against humanity
 - 24 were _____
 - 12 were hung
 - 7 imprisoned
 - 3 acquitted
 - 1 committed suicide



Remaining German Nazis

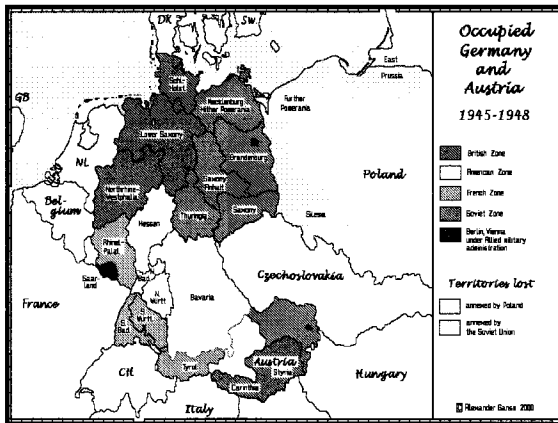
- Other war crimes trials were held
- 209,000 were _____ out of 44.5 million in the British, U.S., and French zones
- 17,000 were charged out of 17 million in the Soviet zone
- Many Nazis were left as _____ or civil service workers and served their new masters
- Nazi _____ and rocket specialists were used by both Western Allies and Soviets

German Occupation

- Allied soldiers commandeered the more habitable buildings and military headquarters were set up to oversee _____
- According to the Potsdam Conference, Germany was to be split into _____ zones (Britain, France, U.S., and Soviet)
- In the _____ Plan, Germany was to have:
 - No heavy industry
 - Be a pastoral country
 - No more Ruhr

Germany Is Split

- The Soviets wanted _____ and the dismantling of Germany's industry
- The U.S. and others eventually believed that a healthy, German economy would be vital to the recovery of Europe
- France, Britain, and the U.S. wanted a _____ Germany
- The USSR responded by tightening their grip on their Eastern zone
- East Germany and other countries became marginally independent " _____ " states bound to the Soviet Union



Soviet Union During the War

- Relaxed their _____ to maximize the war effort
 - People could serve in the army who were _____ to communism
 - Peasants could take extra profit
 - _____ local industry/business
 - Elements of a market economy were introduced
 - _____ appealed to "Mother Russia" rather than communism

Soviet Union During the War

- Soldiers could not talk with local populations (didn't want them to become aware of the _____ standard of living in the West)
- Captured Russian soldiers, when repatriated, were sent to the _____ or simply shot
- Rigid _____ in newspapers was imposed (wanted to portray Western hostility and hate)

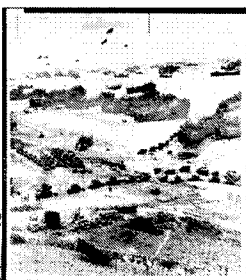
Origins of the Cold War

- Different philosophies/ideologies
 - Democratic capitalism
 - Marxist communism
- The Western Allies had appeased the growing power of Hitler partly in the hope that he would _____ the Soviet state for them
- The USSR had been supplying the _____ with aircraft fuel with which to fight the Battle of Britain and to bomb British cities in the Blitz



Origins of the Cold War – Opening a Second Front

- Delays in opening a _____
_____ angered the Soviets
- Western leaders promised it in 1942 & 43, but only delivered in mid-1944
- From the fall of France until mid-1944, most of the fighting was left up to the _____



Origins of the Cold War – Opening a Second Front

- Upon discussion of opening a second front, Churchill argued for the option least helpful to Stalin, the invasion of _____, partly in the hope that Germany and the USSR would fight to exhaustion before the West stepped in
- Stalin – “They want to bleed us _____ in order to dictate their terms to us later”



Soviet Union's Conditions

- From the _____ policy:
 - 25 million were homeless
 - Factories were destroyed
 - Railways disrupted
 - Farm machinery was almost non-existent
- 21 million died
- 1 in 4 Russians were killed or wounded

Soviet Union's Recovery

- Lend-lease aid from the U.S. was ended in August 1945
- Took away from the former enemy's countries everything that was movable:
 - _____
 - Factory _____
 - _____
- Reparations were exacted from the Soviet zones of Germany and Austria

Stalin's Desire to Wipe Out Danger to Communist Power

- The Soviets wanted _____ because:
 - Russia wanted a _____ area because they had been invaded many times:
 - 1 time by the French
 - 2 times by the Germans
 - 1 time by the Poles
- The Soviets then installed a Polish _____ government

Origins of the Cold War – Eastern “Bloc”



- All countries in Eastern Europe became communist. This was done by one of two methods:
 - _____ anti-Communist leaders before elections
 - _____ installed a Communist government if a government other than Communist was elected
- Eastern Europe disappeared from Western sight behind the “_____” of secrecy and isolation

Origins of the Cold War – “ ”

- East Germany
- Poland
- Czechoslovakia
- Hungary
- Romania
- Bulgaria
- Finland
- Yugoslavia
- Albania

